

n - and γ -Beam Facilities and Experiments

(60+ participants)

Existing neutron and gamma ray facilities play a unique role in both cutting edge science and technology and in the development of a scientific workforce. They probe observables and regimes that cannot be accessed by charged particle reactions.

In particular, they provide:

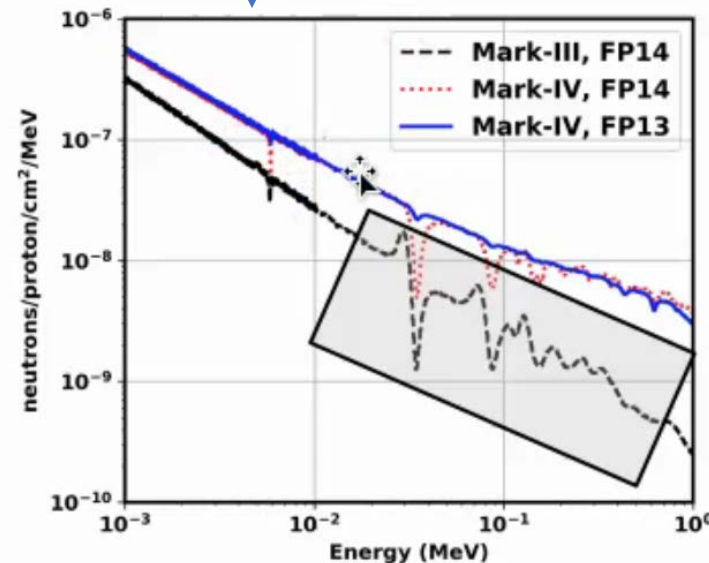
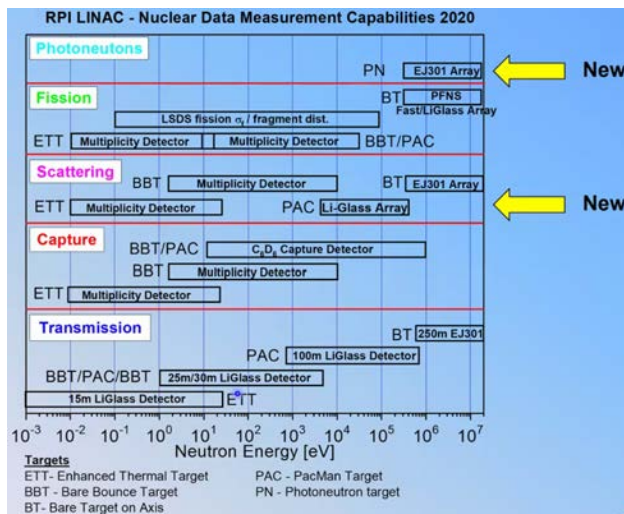
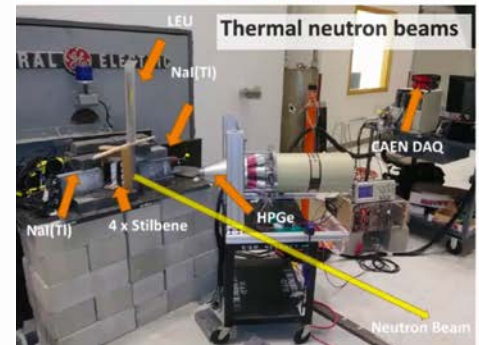
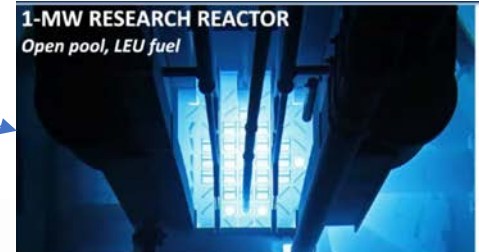
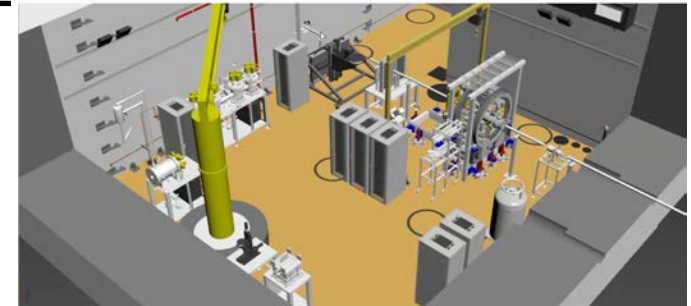
- Direct probes of fundamental properties of nuclei and reactions
- Essential measurements for nuclear technology and national security applications
- Workforce training in interdisciplinary techniques for nuclear physics and industry
- Develop and benchmark instruments, techniques, and capabilities key to the future FRIB and LBNL science program

Summary of the Working Group on n - and γ -Beam Facilities and Experiments (1)

Excellent Overview of Capabilities and Advances

- Ohio Univ. and review of n -prod. reactions (C. Brune)
- Extensive ELI-NP developments (D. Balabanski)
- UMass Lowell Rad. Lab n Beams (A. Rogers)
- LANSCE accelerator upgrades at Los Alamos (L. Zavorka)
- RPI low-energy experimental campaign (Y. Danon)

E8 experimental area: VEGA experiments

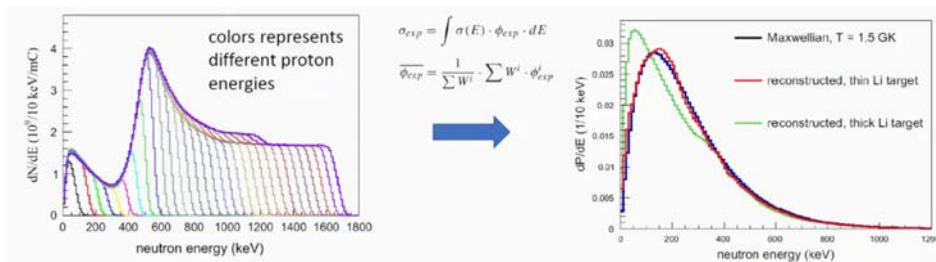
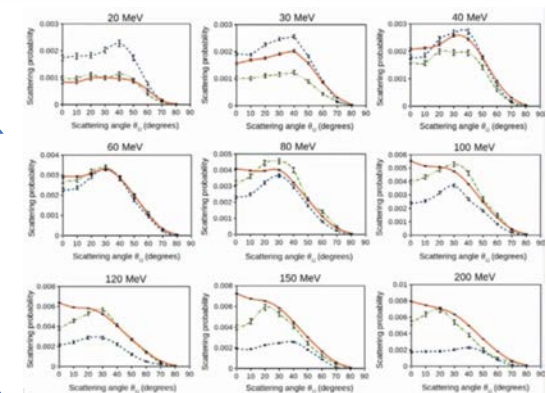
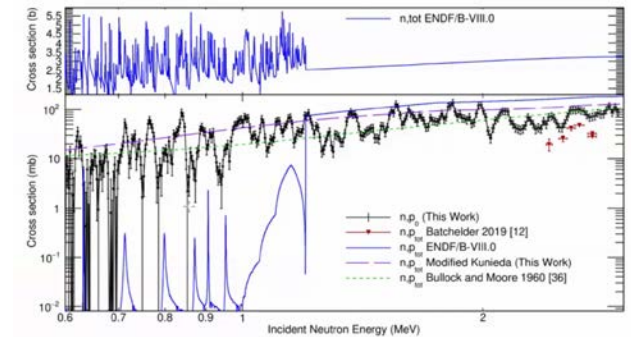


Impressive developments in these ever-important capabilities

Summary of the Working Group on n - and γ -Beam Facilities and Experiments (2)

New Experimental Results and Capabilities

- $^{35}\text{Cl}(n,p)$ cross sections with the LENZ detector (S. Kuvin)
- MoNA Characterization at WNR (A. Kuchera)
- Neutron response measurements of LANA (F. Teh)
- Spatially-resolved fission event tracking, SREFT (E. L. Cidoncha)
- SARAF (n,p) and (n,α) experiments (M. Friedman)



$$\sigma_{exp} = \int \sigma(E) \cdot \phi_{exp} \cdot dE$$

$$\overline{\phi_{exp}} = \frac{1}{\sum W^i} \cdot \sum W^i \cdot \phi_{exp}^i$$

